2021 CERTIFICATION

DH-WATER SUPPLY

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) 2022 MAY 31 PM 1: 21

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TOWN	OF	BELMONT	
	PRINT Pub	lic Water System Name	
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List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply)	
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)	
□ On water bill (Attach copy of bill)	
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)	
Other (Describe:)	
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)	DATE ISSUED
□ Distributed via U.S. Postal Service	
□ Distributed via E-mail as a URL (Provide direct URL):	
□ Distributed via Email as an attachment	
□ Distributed via Email as text within the body of email message	
bublished in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)	
Posted in public places (attach list of locations or list here)	
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide direct URL):	
	contained in the report
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (Select one method ONLY)	one mathed(a) to
You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of deliv	rery method(s) to 🛚

You must email or mail a copy of the CCR, Certification, and associated proof of delivery method(s) to the MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply.

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply
P.O. Box 1700
Jackson, MS 39215

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2021 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Belmont PWS#: 0710001 May 2022

RECEIVED MSDH-WATER SUPPLY

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Gordo Aquifer, Palezoic.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The well for the Town of Belmont have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Harold Turner at 662.423.8249. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the regular meeting scheduled for the first Tuesday of each month at 7:00 PM at the Belmont City Hall.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2021. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2021, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) — The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
10. Barium	N	2019*	.006	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2019/21	2.7	3	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2019/21	6	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Sodium	N	2019*	1100	No Range	PPI	3	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Disinfection By-Products								
Chlorine	N	2021	.9	.6 – 1.39	mg/l	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2021.

Inorganic Contaminants:

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period. Our system exceeded the Action level for Copper.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The Town of Belmont works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. We are making application for a new well.

⁽¹⁵⁾ Copper. Copper is an essential nutrient, but some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over a relatively short amount of time could experience gastrointestinal distress, Some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over many years could suffer liver or kidney damage. People with Wilson's Disease should consult their personal doctor.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI **COUNTY OF TISHOMNGO**

Before the undersigned a **NOTARY PUBLIC**

in and for said state and county

CATHERINE MITCHELL

Editor, Publisher and Manager of

The Belmont and Tishomingo Journal a newspaper published in the Town of Belmont in said county and state, makes oath that the

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENT-WATER CHART

of which the article here unto attached is a true copy, was published in said newspaper as follows:

No.	11	Date	May 25, 2022
No.		Date	M5-80
No.		Date	
No.		Date	
No.		Date	
	No.	No. No.	No. Date No. Date No. Date

And I hereby certify that the issues above mentioned have been examined by me, and I find the publication there of to have been duly made, and that The Belmont and Tishomiugo Journal has been established and had a bona fide circulation in said city, county and state for more than one ceeding the first date written above.

Editor, Publisher and Managommission Ex

Sworn to and subscribed before me this

2021 Annual Dicking Water Quality Report Town of Belmont PWS#: 0710001 If May 2022

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				TEST RES	ULTS			
Contam rant	Vic/aton Y/N	Osta Coffeeted	Level Delected	Range of Detects # of Samples Exceeding MOLYACL	Measure -mark	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contair	lnants						
10 Besium	и	2019*	,008	No Ranga	ррті	2	2	Discharge of driving wastes, discharge from metal refineries, erosion of natural deposits
14 Copper	N	2019/21	27	3	₽pm	1.3	AL=13	Constituted from the control of the
17. Lead	N	2019/21	6	0	b5p	0	AL=15	Corresion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
			115					Christian Commission C
Sofun	ln .	2019*	1100	No Range	PPB	0	0	Road Saft, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Savage Ethusots.
Disinfect	ion By-I	roduct	s	•				
Chiarine	N	2021 .	9 .1	5 -1 39 m	g.5	0 MDI		Valer additive used to control

Most recent temple No tample required for 2021.

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